

ART X WILDLIFE PROTECTION

Age Range	7th-9th Grades (Ages 13-14)			
Subject	Art	Lessons: 2	#4 United in Biodiversity - Wildlife Protection	
Topic:	Endangered Species Through The Prism Of Video Making			
Lessons focus and goals	Focus: To deepen pupils' comprehension of biodiversity as a crucial aspect of the natural world, fostering an appreciation for the variety of species, ecosystems, and genetic diversity. Goals: To instill a sense of responsibility and advocacy for the protection of wildlife, promoting awareness of the threats faced by various species and the importance of conservation efforts. To promote pupils' creativity and artistic expression as they utilise video-making tools to convey complex concepts of biodiversity and wildlife protection in engaging and visually compelling ways.			
Learning objectives:	 Students will be enabled to: identify the habitat, behaviour, and ecological significance of a specific species of wildlife. understand the role of wildlife conservation in protecting biodiversity through independent research. creatively present ideas and findings as part of a video presentation. 			
Materials	 Cameras or smartphones for video recording Computers or tablets for video editing Access to educational resources on biodiversity Art supplies for creating visuals (optional) Presentation equipment (projector, screen) Animal fact sheet for each group detailing the animal's habitat, behaviour, and ecological significance Video planning sheet 			
Differentiation	-Students are put into mixed ability groups -Questioning -Instructions are kept simple and repeated where necessary			









Structure and activities

Introduction (5-10 minutes):

<u>Discussion:</u> Explore the importance of biodiversity in maintaining ecological balance and introduce the concept of wildlife protection, emphasising the threats faced by various species and ecosystems. Discuss the role of conservation efforts in preserving biodiversity and protecting endangered species.

Showcase examples from organisations like the WWF or Conservation International to demonstrate real-world applications <u>Visuals:</u> Use visuals or videos to illustrate how wildlife conservations work to protect species of animals from human threats.

Online resources:

How does wildlife trafficking impact people and the environment? Biodiversity and wildlife crime

Video resources:

Illegal Wildlife Trade
Why You Should Care: Wildlife Trafficking
What is Biodiversity?

Research and Planning (40 minutes):

In mixed ability groups, the students should research the role of wildlife conservations in protecting biodiversity. They should keep their research focussed. For example, they could focus on conservation of elephants and how this links to biodiversity. Or, they could concentrate on a habitat, looking at how conservation in the Amazon Rainforest is important for biodiversity. They may also want to look at local conservation issues.

As a team they should divide up their roles in order to make best use of the time, e.g. two students research, two students record ideas in a cohesive format using the planning sheet. Students should understand that they are planning for a 2-4 minute video that should be in the format of a news report.

Video and editing (40 minutes):

The pupils will write a script for presenting the endangered species. They will film in-role as journalists. Depending on students' IT skills and resources available students can incorporate visuals, use green screens, cut and edit their videos.

Follow Up

At the teacher's discretion students present their videos. This
could be at the start of the day over the course of a week, during
the school assembly, or during form time. Students are given time





	to ask the group questions and respond to their work. - You may also want to post their videos on your school social media or share with parents to raise awareness and showcase the students' work.
Digital tools	 CapCut , Canva and Filmora as options for video editing iNaturalist can be used to explore local wildlife



Assessment based on the presentation of their work.



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	Initiating	Developing	Excelling
Description	LO 1: The student has	LO 1: The child	LO 1: A child with a
of	a basic understanding	demonstrates a clear	comprehensive
performance	of the wildlife species	understanding of the	understanding of a
	but struggles with	wildlife species. They	wildlife species describes
	specific details.	can identify the specific	its habitat with details on
	LO 2: The child	habitat, behaviours, and	climate, vegetation, and
	understands wildlife	ecological significance	geographical features.
	conservation but with	with precision,	They discuss the
	limited depth. They	describing and detailing	wildlife's behaviour,
	might know basic	key features. LO 2: The child has a	including specialised
	concepts like "protecting animals"	clear grasp of wildlife	adaptations, and explain its ecological significance
	and "preserving	conservation's role in	by exploring complex
	habitats," but struggle	protecting biodiversity.	ecosystem interactions.
	to connect these to	They can discuss specific	They consider broader
	biodiversity. They rely	examples of	concepts like
	on general sources,	conservation efforts and	conservation and the
	lacking independent	their outcomes, like	impact of environmental
	research, and can't	reforestation or	changes.
	explain how	endangered species	LO 2: A child with a deep
	conservation helps	programs. Their	understanding of wildlife
	maintain or restore	independent research	conservation discusses
	ecosystem balance.	includes reputable	specific strategies and
	LO 3: The child has	sources, allowing them	their impact on
	basic video	to explain how these efforts benefit various	biodiversity, illustrating
	presentation skills but lacks creativity in	ecosystems and	complex interactions within ecosystems. They
	presenting ideas. They	contribute to overall	explore how
	may rely heavily on	biodiversity.	conservation connects to
	text slides with	LO 3: The child	broader ecological
	minimal visuals,	demonstrates solid	concepts and addresses
	offering	video presentation skills,	challenges like climate
	straightforward	integrating visuals,	change and habitat loss.
	information without	audio, and clear	LO 3: A student who
	engaging storytelling	narration. They use	demonstrates
	or unique elements.	various elements like	exceptional creativity in
	The video's structure	images, charts, and	video presentations uses
	may be disjointed,	voice-overs to support	visuals, sound effects,
	with little	their ideas. The video	music, and storytelling to
	consideration for	has a coherent	convey ideas. They
	pacing or audience	structure, and the student makes an effort	integrate elements like animation, transitions,
	engagement.	to engage the audience	and interactive
		through effective pacing	components to enhance
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	and presentation techniques.	engagement and maintain smooth pacing.



